

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method for using a scanning device, comprising:
2 decelerating an object from moving at a first substantially constant
3 speed to a stop;
4 causing relative movement between the object and an optical sensor;
5 and
6 measuring reflected light from a first section of the object that moved
7 past the optical sensor during decelerating the object.
- 1 2. The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising:
2 generating a first set of data from measuring the reflected light.
- 1 3. The method as recited in claim 2, wherein:
2 causing relative movement includes moving the optical sensor in a first
3 direction the object moves through the scanning device during scanning for a
4 first distance substantially equal to a sum of an acceleration distance of the
5 object and a deceleration distance of the object;
6 causing relative movement includes moving the first section of the
7 object past the optical sensor at the first substantially constant speed in the first
8 direction; and
9 the object includes media.
- 1 4. The method as recited in claim 3, further comprising:
2 measuring the reflected light from the first section of the object during
3 decelerating the object to generate a second set of data; and
4 replacing the second set of data with the first set of data.
- 1 5. The method as recited in claim 2, wherein:
2 causing relative movement includes moving the object in a first
3 direction, opposite a second direction the object moves through the scanning

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4 device during scanning, for a first distance substantially equal to a sum of an
5 acceleration distance of the object and a deceleration distance of the object;
6 causing relative movement includes moving the first section of the
7 object past the optical sensor at the first substantially constant speed in the
8 second direction; and
9 the object includes media.

1 6. The method as recited in claim 5, further comprising:
2 measuring the reflected light from the object during decelerating the
3 object to generate a second set of data; and
4 replacing the second set of data with the first set of data.

1 7. The method as recited in claim 2, wherein:
2 causing relative movement includes moving the optical sensor in a first
3 direction, opposite a second direction the object moves through the scanning
4 device during scanning, for a first distance substantially equal to a sum of an
5 acceleration distance of the optical sensor and an acceleration distance of the
6 object;
7 causing relative movement includes moving the optical sensor in the
8 second direction at a second substantially constant speed for a second distance
9 substantially equal to a sum of the acceleration distance of the object and the
10 deceleration distance of the object;
11 causing relative movement includes moving the optical sensor in the
12 first direction for a third distance substantially equal to a sum of a deceleration
13 distance of the optical sensor and a deceleration distance of the object; and
14 the object includes media.

1 8. The method as recited in claim 7, further comprising:
2 measuring the reflected light from a second section of the object
3 corresponding to the acceleration distance of the object that the optical sensor
4 moved past when moving the first distance and the second distance.

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1 9. The method as recited in claim 8, further comprising:
2 measuring the reflected light from the first section of the object during
3 decelerating the object to generate a second set of data; and
4 replacing the second set of data with the first set of data.

1 10. The method as recited in claim 2, wherein:
2 causing relative movement includes moving the optical sensor in a first
3 direction the object moves through the scanning device during scanning for a
4 first distance substantially equal to a sum of an acceleration distance of the
5 optical sensor and a deceleration distance of the object;
6 causing relative movement includes moving the optical sensor in a
7 second direction, opposite the first direction, at a second substantially constant
8 speed for a second distance substantially equal to a sum of the deceleration
9 distance of the object and an acceleration distance of the object;
10 causing relative movement includes moving the optical sensor in the
11 first direction for a third distance substantially equal to a sum of a deceleration
12 distance of the optical sensor and the acceleration distance of the object; and
13 the object includes media.

1 11. The method as recited in claim 10, further comprising:
2 measuring the reflected light from a second section of the object
3 corresponding to the acceleration distance of the object that the optical sensor
4 moved past when moving the first distance and the second distance.

1 12. The method as recited in claim 11, further comprising:
2 measuring the reflected light from the object during decelerating
3 the object to generate a second set of data; and
4 replacing the second set of data with the first set of data.

1 13. A system for reducing artifacts from scanning an object,

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2 comprising:

3 a moving mechanism to selectively move the object at a first
4 substantially constant speed during scanning;

5 a scanning mechanism including an optical sensor, with the scanning
6 mechanism to selectively move the optical sensor at a second substantially
7 constant speed during scanning and with the optical sensor configured for
8 measuring reflected light from the object; and

9 a controller coupled to the moving mechanism and the scanning
10 mechanism with the controller configured to actuate the moving mechanism to
11 selectively move the object and with the controller configured to actuate the
12 scanning mechanism to selectively move the optical sensor.

1 14. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein:

2 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
3 mechanism to move the optical sensor in a first direction the object moves
4 during scanning for a first distance substantially equal to a sum of a deceleration
5 distance of the object and an acceleration distance of the object;

6 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the moving
7 mechanism to move a first section of the object corresponding to the
8 deceleration distance of the object past the optical sensor at the first
9 substantially constant speed in the first direction;

10 the controller includes a configuration to measure the reflected light
11 from the first section with the optical sensor; and

12 the object includes media.

1 15. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein:

2 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the moving
3 mechanism to move the object in a first direction opposite a second direction
4 that the object moves during scanning for a first distance substantially equal to
5 a sum an acceleration distance of the object and a deceleration distance of the
6 object;

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7 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the moving
8 mechanism to move a first section of the object corresponding to the
9 deceleration distance of the object past the optical sensor at the first
10 substantially constant speed in the second direction;
11 the controller includes a configuration to measure the reflected light
12 from the first section with the optical sensor; and
13 the object includes media.

1 16. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein:
2 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
3 mechanism to move the optical sensor in a first direction, opposite a second
4 direction the object moves during scanning, for a first distance substantially
5 equal to a sum of an acceleration distance of the optical sensor and an
6 acceleration distance of the object;
7 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
8 mechanism to move the optical sensor in the second direction for a second
9 distance substantially equal to a sum of the acceleration distance of the object
10 and a deceleration distance of the object at the second substantially constant
11 speed;
12 the controller includes a configuration to measure the reflected light
13 with the optical sensor from a first section of the object corresponding to the
14 deceleration distance of the object and from a second section of the object
15 corresponding to the acceleration distance of the object;
16 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
17 mechanism to move the optical sensor in the first direction for a third distance
18 substantially equal to a sum of a deceleration distance of the optical sensor; and
19 the object includes media.

1 17. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein:
2 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
3 mechanism to move the optical sensor in a first direction the object moves

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4 during scanning for a first distance substantially equal to a sum of a deceleration
5 distance of the object and an acceleration distance of the optical sensor;
6 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
7 mechanism to move the optical sensor in a second direction, opposite the first
8 direction, for a second distance substantially equal to a sum of the deceleration
9 distance of the object and an acceleration distance of the object at the second
10 substantially constant speed;
11 the controller includes a configuration to measure the reflected light
12 with the optical sensor from a first section of the object corresponding to the
13 deceleration distance of the object and from a second section of the object
14 corresponding to the acceleration distance of the object;
15 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
16 mechanism to move the optical sensor in the first direction for a third distance
17 substantially equal to a deceleration distance of the optical sensor and the
18 acceleration distance of the object; and
19 the object includes media.

1 18. A scanning device for generating a digital representation of an
2 image on media, comprising:
3 a scanning mechanism including an optical sensor with the scanning
4 mechanism configured for selectively moving at a first substantially constant
5 speed during scanning;
6 a moving mechanism configured for selectively moving the media at a
7 second substantially constant speed during scanning; and
8 a controller coupled to the scanning mechanism and the moving
9 mechanism, with the controller configured to actuate the scanning mechanism
10 to move the optical sensor and with the controller configured to actuate the
11 moving mechanism to move the media.

1 19. The scanning device as recited in claim 18, wherein:
2 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning

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3 mechanism to move the optical sensor in a first direction the media moves
4 during scanning for a first distance substantially equal to a sum of a deceleration
5 distance of the media and an acceleration distance of the media;
6 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the moving
7 mechanism to move a first section of the media corresponding to the
8 deceleration distance of the media past the optical sensor at the first
9 substantially constant speed in the first direction; and
10 the controller includes a configuration to measure reflected light from
11 the first section with the optical sensor.

1 20. The scanning device as recited in claim 18, wherein:
2 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the moving
3 mechanism to move the media in a first direction opposite a second direction
4 that the media moves during scanning for a first distance substantially equal to a
5 sum an acceleration distance of the media and a deceleration distance of the
6 media;
7 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the moving
8 mechanism to move a first section of the media corresponding to the
9 deceleration distance of the media past the optical sensor at the first
10 substantially constant speed in the second direction; and
11 the controller includes a configuration to measure reflected light from
12 the first section with the optical sensor.

1 21. The scanning device as recited in claim 18, wherein:
2 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
3 mechanism to move the optical sensor in a first direction, opposite a second
4 direction the media moves during scanning, for a first distance substantially
5 equal to a sum of an acceleration distance of the media and an acceleration
6 distance of the optical sensor;
7 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
8 mechanism to move the optical sensor in the second direction for a second

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9 distance substantially equal to a sum of the acceleration distance of the media
10 and a deceleration distance of the media at the second substantially constant
11 speed;

12 the controller includes a configuration to measure reflected light with
13 the optical sensor from a first section of the media corresponding to the
14 deceleration distance of the media and from a second section of the media
15 corresponding to the acceleration distance of the media; and

16 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
17 mechanism to move the optical sensor in the first direction for a third distance
18 substantially equal to a sum of a deceleration distance of the optical sensor and
19 the deceleration distance of the media.

1 22. The scanning device as recited in claim 18, wherein:

2 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
3 mechanism to move the optical sensor in a first direction the media moves
4 during scanning for a first distance substantially equal to a sum of an
5 acceleration distance of the optical sensor and a deceleration distance of the
6 media;

7 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
8 mechanism to move the optical sensor in a second direction, opposite the first
9 direction, for a second distance substantially equal to the deceleration distance
10 of the media and an acceleration distance of the media at the second
11 substantially constant speed;

12 the controller includes a configuration to measure reflected light with
13 the optical sensor from a first section of the media corresponding to the
14 deceleration distance of the media and from a second section of the media
15 corresponding to the acceleration distance of the media; and

16 the controller includes a configuration to actuate the scanning
17 mechanism to move the optical sensor in the first direction for a third distance
18 substantially equal to a deceleration distance of the optical sensor and the
19 acceleration distance of the media.

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